

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION REPORT (CAPER) FISCAL YEAR 2016

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Appendices

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

PR 03

PR 26

PR 83

CPMP TABLES



Fifth Program Year CAPER-2016

The CPMP Fifth Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report includes Narrative Responses to CAPER questions that CDBG, HOME, HOPWA, and ESG grantees must respond to each year in order to be compliant with the Consolidated

Planning Regulations. The Executive Summary narratives are optional.

GENERAL

Executive Summary

This module is optional but encouraged. If you choose to complete it, provide a brief overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the first year.

Program Year 5 CAPER Executive Summary response:

Each year the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) awards Federal grant funding to the City of Cathedral City to use for its program that address housing and community development needs of the City; specifically, for low- and moderate income residents needed. These entitlement grants are known as Community Development Block Grants (CDBG). CDBG funding is provided on an annual basis to 'Entitlement Cities' (eligible, selected cities that exceed a population of 50,000 residents — Cathedral City is classified by HUD as an Entitlement city), with allocations amounts varying each year based on a formula that considers the extent of poverty, population, housing overcrowding, the age of housing, and the population growth lag in relationship to other metropolitan areas.

In accordance with HUD requirements, Entitlement Cities must prepare an Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH), Five-Year Consolidated Plan (Con Plan), Annual Action Plan (AAP), and Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER). The AFH addresses issues and barriers pertaining to affirmatively furthering fair housing. The Con Plan is a comprehensive planning tool that provides the goals and accomplishments of the Entitlement Cities for the next five years. The AAP provides detail on how the City proposes to meet its goals and objectives of the Five-Year Consolidated Plan. The Annual Action Plan also explains how projects and activities will be funded.

At the end of each fiscal year, the City is required to prepare and submit a Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) that describes the progress it made implementing the recent fiscal year priorities. Cathedral City's 2016-2017 CAPER is the fifth and final performance report of the 2012-2016 Consolidated Plan. The CAPER describes activities the City accomplished during the FY 2016-2017 Annual Action Plan and incorporates public comments received regarding proposed activities and includes reports generated by HUD's Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS), which reflect the accomplishments of the City and its national database.

General Questions

- 1. Assessment of the one-year goals and objectives:
 - a. Describe the accomplishments in attaining the goals and objectives for the reporting period.
 - b. Provide a breakdown of the CPD formula grant funds spent on grant activities for each goal and objective.

- If applicable, explain why progress was not made towards meeting the goals and objectives.
- 2. Describe the manner in which the recipient would change its program as a result of its experiences.
- 3. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing:
 - a. Provide a summary of impediments to fair housing choice.
 - b. Identify actions taken to overcome effects of impediments identified.
- 4. Describe Other Actions in Strategic Plan or Action Plan taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs.
- 5. Leveraging Resources
 - a. Identify progress in obtaining "other" public and private resources to address needs.
 - b. How Federal resources from HUD leveraged other public and private resources.
 - c. How matching requirements were satisfied.

Program Year 5 CAPER General Questions response:

The City of Cathedral City completed its fifth and final program year of the Consolidated Plan. For FY 2016, the City was awarded \$527,376 for its CDBG Program. The 2016 Annual Action Plan was approved by the Cathedral City Council to include programs and services that furthered fair housing choice, promoted health and wellness for the senior community, rehabilitated homeless people, and increased economic development and accessibility through reconstruction and rehabilitation of public facilities. The following summaries identify the activities that were accomplished during the 2016 - 2017 reporting period.

Per the CDBG Program rules and guidelines, each entitlement grantee must budget no more than twenty percent (20%) of its award for program management, planning, and salary costs. Based on the City's annual award, this year's Administrative allowance was \$105,475. This Administrative budget was used to manage the program, and submit the necessary annual applications and reports to abide by the rules and regulations of the CDBG Program.

From this Administrative cap, Cathedral City funds fair housing services to further fair housing choice. Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board (IFHMB) continues to be a supporting agency that offers fair housing mediation and counseling services to the residents of Cathedral City. IFHMB provided landlord tenant mediation services to approximately 700 households and anti-discrimination services to 200 households. For the 2016 fiscal year, the City awarded IFHMB **\$12,000** to provide their services to the residents of Cathedral City. This amount was allocated from the program administration cap (20%).

The CDBG Program allows entitlement grantees to use no more than fifteen percent (15%) of the grant award for provide public services for low and moderate income residents of the City. For FY 2016, the City allocated **\$18,500** for the Cathedral Center (senior center) to provide health and wellness programs for the senior citizens of the community. The Cathedral Center provided educational recreational, social, and assistive services to approximately 649 members and seniors' citizens. Staff assisted active and homebound senior activities and services to prolong their livelihood and independence.

The City of Cathedral City also funded Roy's Desert Resource Center (Jewish Family Services of San Diego) from the same public service cap to provide emergency homeless shelter and case management

services to displaced persons and families in Cathedral City. Roy's Desert Resource Center was awarded an annual allocation of \$51,500 to provide such services. The shelter rehabilitated homeless persons and assisted families in gaining life skills; preventing these families from becoming homeless again. On June 30, 2017, Roy's Desert Resource Center closed its doors and ceased its operations. The Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) has been in evaluating other non-profit organizations to replace the services previously provided by Roy's Desert Resource Center.

In fiscal year 2016, the city decided to allocate CDBG funds to Angel View for their Outreach Program and to make ADA improvements to their newly acquired building. The City has approximately 65 residents with physician verified disabilities. In most cases, the emotional and financial burden of the child's condition divides families. Typically, the mother is one who quits her job and cares for the child. The City allocated \$15,000 toward Angel View to assist the residents to disabilities in Cathedral City; \$9,100 was funded from the Public Services Cap to the Angel View Outreach Program and \$5,900 was funded from the Capital Improvement Cap to make ADA improvements to their facility.

Avenida La Paz & Avenida La Vista Street Improvements

CDBG funding was allocated for the rehabilitation of Avenida La Paz and Avenida La Vista located in Census Tract 449.23 and 449.24. These streets are situated in the northern part of the City in the Panorama Neighborhood. These public improvements were selected to receive funding because of the high priority need to revitalize these residential streets and expand economic opportunities for these residents in the adjoining living areas within the City. CDBG funding in the amount of \$350,000 was used in combination with Assessment District 88-3 funding (\$350,000) to revitalize and reconstruct this street. This project was completed in March 2017.

Whitewater Neighborhood Street Improvements

FY 2017 was the City's fifth program year of its first Consolidated Plan (Con Plan). In order to be in good standing with HUD, the City prepared a Substantial Amendment to combine all unspent leftover programs funds from previous years to create a CDBG activity to exhaust these funds before beginning its second Consolidated Plan cycle. The City decided to make public improvements to the Whitewater Neighborhood by reconstructing six sections of road located in low and moderate income area of the City.

The Whitewater Neighborhood Project are residential streets generally located in Census Tract 449.15 (Block Group 1) south of Ramon Road, north of Corral Road, between Date Palm Drive and Cathedral Canyon Drive. The primary streets City Staff is planning on improving with these funds, combined with Assessment District funds, are Canyon Vista Road, Monte Vista Road, Aurora Vista Road, Desert Vista Road, Cielo Vista Road and Rancho Vista Road.

The approval of this Substantial Amendment by the City Council allocated unused funds from previous program years in the amount of \$218,425.52 from the FY 2014-15 Action Plan; \$76,530.12 from the FY 2015-16 Action Plan; and, \$11,033.71 from payment to the City from the former Revolving Sewer Loan Program. The Whitewater Neighborhood Street Improvement project was funded in combination with these funding sources for an amount of \$305,989.

For FY 2016-2017, Cathedral City was awarded an entitlement allocation of **\$527,376**. To date, the City has drawn down \$821,858.07 in eligible activities. This amount includes the 2016 entitlement award and unspent funding from previous projects. Accomplishment data is detailed in the IDIS PRO3 Activity Summary of Activities Report (GPR) and the PR26 Financial Summary report.

Activities that were funded this fiscal year addressed goals listed in the corresponding Consolidated Plan (2012-2016) and 2016 Annual Action Plan. The Action Plan maximized CDBG funding priorities for Target Areas within the City and low to moderate income persons. Cathedral City's 2016 Action Plan outlined activities that provided for sustainable communities, housing, non-housing needs. The Administrative and Substantial Amendments to the Action Plan were made to re-establish goals within the Target Areas and provide maximum feasible priorities to very low, low, and moderate income persons.

To ensure that Cathedral City's goals and national objectives were met, an annual agreement was executed with each subrecipient and contractor that was awarded CDBG funds. These agreements included specific language that explained the process and procedures for reporting and meeting the City's annual objects. This specific HUD reporting forms ensured that no changes in would occur and prevent the City from obtaining its goals. Contracts with public services providers have been implemented and completed within the fiscal year. All funding for the providers have been drawn down.

Underserved Needs

This subpopulation includes the elderly, large families, single parent, and persons with HIV/AIDS, mental and physical disabilities. Securing decent and affordable housing for these groups along with lack of state and federal financial assistance makes providing services extremely difficult. For those that are employed, the wage difference still makes finding decent housing out of reach. Households that do own their homes have difficulties maintaining them because of housing costs and relatively low wages.

The City of Cathedral City recognizes the need to rehabilitate the existing housing stock. The elderly populations along with lower income households are not able to maintain their homes because of their limited income. Although the City has not administered a housing rehabilitation program since the closure of the City's Redevelopment Agency, staff is diligently seeking funding opportunities such as the HOME Program that will provide these services to the residents.

LEVERAGING RESOURCES

The CDBG Entitlement Program does not require matching funds. However, the City does use CDBG funds to leverage other funding mechanisms to complete public improvements and provide more service programs. For instance, the city used CDBG funding in combination with matured assessment district, grant funding, gas tax, Measure A, and assistance from CVAG to complete some of the public improvements.

Managing the Process

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to ensure compliance with program and comprehensive planning requirements.

Program Year 5 CAPER Managing the Process response:

Each program year, the City prepares its Annual Action Plan to include activities that meet HUD national objectives and accomplish the goals established in the five-year Consolidated Plan. The goals established in the Consolidated Plan are executed using local subrecipients under contract with the City. Each contract is approved and executed by the City Manager once the Annual Action Plan is approved by the City Council. All contracts are maintained at the City and include appropriate documentation for each activity.

The public service providers and construction contractors are familiar with the requirements which include billing, reporting, and reimbursement process. City staff continues to work with the providers to ensure that program requirements are being met and an emphasis on continual support for low to moderate income persons meet National Objectives.

CDBG funded public service agencies are required to submit quarterly reports and reimbursement statements. The Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board submits their reports monthly. Jewish Family Services, operator of Roy's Desert Resource Center submitted two reports along with the reimbursement request. The Cathedral Center and Angel View submitted quarterly reports providing statistical data. City staff made calls, emails, and site visits to ensure the services were being served efficiently.

All activities carried out through the subrecipients and contractors provided services that met the CDBG National Objectives. The City of Cathedral City complied with all CDBG program planning requirements as stated in the Five Year Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan.

Citizen Participation

- 1. Provide a summary of citizen comments.
- 2. In addition, the performance report provided to citizens must identify the Federal funds made available for furthering the objectives of the Consolidated Plan. For each formula grant program, the grantee shall identify the total amount of funds available (including estimated program income), the total amount of funds committed during the reporting period, the total amount expended during the reporting period, and the geographic distribution and location of expenditures. Jurisdictions are encouraged to include maps in describing the geographic distribution and location of investment (including areas of minority concentration). The geographic distribution and expenditure requirement may also be satisfied by specifying the census tracts where expenditures were concentrated.

*Please note that Citizen Comments and Responses may be included as additional files within the CPMP Tool.

Program Year 5 CAPER Citizen Participation response:

The City of Cathedral city adopted a Community Participation Plan (CPP) during the development of the Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH). The City's Plan describes policies and procedures and actions that must be taken when preparing each document for the CDBG Program. This Plan thoroughly provides a

reasonable amount of time for members of the community impacted by the proposed actions to review and make comments about the document. Furthermore, the CPP ensures that the City provides sufficient opportunities to the residents to express their concerns regarding the City.

The City prepared its *Draft* Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER) for the period of July 1, 2016 through July 30, 2017. The CAPER was made available to citizens for review during the 15-day commenting period beginning August 7th through August 21nd, 2017. A public notice was generated and placed in the local newspaper, the *Desert Sun*, of the availability of the CAPER. Residents wishing to view the CAPER could do so by visiting the City's website (www.cathedralcity.gov) or at the following locations:

Cathedral City Civic Center 68-700 Avenida Lalo Guerrero Cathedral City, CA 92234 Cathedral City Branch Library 33520 Date Palm Drive Cathedral City, CA 92234

Summary of Public Comments:

No public comments were received during the 15-day review and commenting period.

Institutional Structure

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to overcome gaps in institutional structures and enhance coordination.

Program Year 5 CAPER Institutional Structure response:

The City of Cathedral City's institutional structure for administering services and programs from City departments, nonprofit organizations, and developers are as follows:

Engineering Division has the lead responsibility in administering and implementing the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan and all documents in accordance with federal regulations. In administering the program the City contracted sub-recipients for senior, homeless and fair housing programs. The sub recipients were required to have an executed agreement for the services and amount of funding provided prior to issuance of payments.

Finance Department is responsible for financial management and maintenance of a general ledger; production of financial reports; administration of all debt financing; collection and posting of revenues; payment and accounting of obligations; purchasing of goods and services; payroll; and assistance in preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This Division is responsible for approving the CDBG drawdown in the HUD IDIS.

The Housing Authority of Riverside County provides residents throughout the County with rental assistance to those that are eligible based on income. The Authority administers the Section 8 Rental Assistance Program. They also own and operate the affordable housing projects throughout the County and collaborate with local jurisdictions with rehabilitating and upgrading multi-family housing units.

Continuum of Care (Board of Governance) is comprised of representatives from public, private, and nonprofit agencies including homeless and formerly homeless individuals that are committed to

assisting in facilitating the continuum of care planning process throughout the County. This coalition assesses the need for affordable housing and homeless services countywide in order to provide a seamless delivery of services to those in need.

Department of Public and Social Services administers programs under the anti-poverty umbrella for the County of Riverside. The main goal for residents is to move them towards self-sufficiency and moving poor families from poverty. DPSS assists residents on many levels including child care, education, employment training, health and human services, homeless and housing.

Nonprofit Organizations play a vital role in the community by assisting the City implement the goals and objectives stated in the Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan. The three (3) organizations that received funding are Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board, the Cathedral Center, and Roy's Desert Resource Center (homeless shelter). Agreements were executed to ensure that the sub-recipients provided the resources they were assigned to.

Private participants may include lending institutions such as banks. Private lending sources provide low cost loans for affordable housing and rehabilitation projects. Developers are the primary providers of the available housing stock and are encouraged to participate in low income housing to be able to provide more housing choices for residents.

Monitoring

- 1. Describe how and the frequency with which you monitored your activities.
- 2. Describe the results of your monitoring including any improvements.
- 3. Self-Evaluation
 - a. Describe the effect programs have in solving neighborhood and community problems.
 - b. Describe progress in meeting priority needs and specific objectives and help make community's vision of the future a reality.
 - c. Describe how you provided decent housing and a suitable living environment and expanded economic opportunity principally for low and moderate-income persons.
 - d. Indicate any activities falling behind schedule.
 - e. Describe how activities and strategies made an impact on identified needs.
 - f. Identify indicators that would best describe the results.
 - g. Identify barriers that had a negative impact on fulfilling the strategies and overall vision.
 - h. Identify whether major goals are on target and discuss reasons for those that are not on target.
 - i. Identify any adjustments or improvements to strategies and activities that might meet your needs more effectively.

Program Year 5 CAPER Monitoring response:

For the 2016 program year, the City worked with sub-recipients to provide disability, senior, homeless, and fair housing services in Cathedral City. The sub-recipients were required to enter into a written agreement with the City which includes CDBG specific language prior to requesting or reimbursement of funds. After the agreements were executed, the subrecipients were able to request reimbursement for work performed on behalf of Cathedral City.

Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board (IFHMB) provided landlord tenant mediation services, antidiscrimination resources, homebuyer education and other services to affirmatively further fair housing. IFHMB provided monthly reports stating what accomplishments and work has been completed. Invoices for reimbursements were sent monthly with the documentation needed to provide payment requests. Progress reports were also sent on a monthly basis with a description of the services provided and the number of persons that were assisted. A year end audit is required and was supplied to the City by IFHMB to ensure implementation and annual monitoring goals.

Roy's Desert Resource Center provided emergency shelter services, case management, and other valuable services to persons that are homeless that will lead them to self-sufficiency. Roy's Desert Resource Center submitted two invoices for the work provided along with documentation to show that they have complied with CDBG objectives. An agreement was executed and a site visit occurred prior to the authorization of release of funds and before the end of the fiscal year. City staff coordinated with the director of the shelter to discuss goals that would be met.

The *Cathedral Center* provided programs and services for the elderly community of the City. Prior to release of funds a desk review is conducted to ensure program compliance. The Cathedral Center submitted two invoices to the City for their Senior Support Services Program. This program offered educational, recreational, social and assistive services to active and homebound seniors to prolong their livelihood and independence. An agreement was executed and a monitoring evaluation was conducted to ensure program compliance.

The *Angel View* Outreach Program was created in 2012 to assist local children with disabilities. Services are provided to families raising children with disabilities at no cost. The vast majority of clients are low-income. Many clients are of the Inland Regional Center; nearly all receiving Medi-Cal assistance. For this program year, Angel View case managers conduct an intake on all clients before they are deemed eligible for services. The City executed an agreement to ensure compliance with CDBG regulations and accomplishment of program goals. Monitoring was conducted to ensure program compliance.

Self-Evaluation

The City of Cathedral City met the overall goals described in the Action Plan. A priority in the community is to maintain services for youth, seniors, persons with special needs, and the remainder of the population. Cathedral City relies on public and social services to assist residents where the City is not capable due to staffing or financial resources. It is crucial to maintain working relationships with public service providers to ensure the quality of life for the residents. Code compliance, police volunteers, and watch programs aid the City in public safety and maintaining safe, viable neighborhoods.

The objectives outlined in the City's Consolidated Plan places emphasis on the following: prove suitable living environments; provide accessible public facilities, infrastructure, economic development, and public services. Community Development is a main priority in the City. During the FY 2016 program year the City used CDBG funds and other funding sources towards street, sidewalk, and ADA improvements.

For instance, CDBG funding was allocated for the rehabilitation of Avenida La Paz and Avenida La Vista located in Census Tract 449.23 and 449.24. Likewise, the City used unspent funds left over from previous activities to create a project to reconstruct residential street in the South City Neighborhood located in

Census Tract 449.15. These public improvements were selected to receive funding because of the high priority need to revitalize these residential streets and expand economic opportunities for these residents in the adjoining living areas of the City.

In addition to program funds allocated to the Outreach Program, the City also awarded Angel View funding to make ADA improvements to their new building (at the time) to allow access and provide better service to their disabled clients. These improvements included modifications to the building entrance and the building itself to allow clients access to services that improve their functionality.

The City continues search for new funding opportunities to provide more services that will assist the residents. The City will also continue to leverage other funding sources along with CDBG funding to accomplish many of its goals specified in the Five-Year Consolidated Plan. Through public and private partnerships, the City will be able to continue its mission of eliminating existing areas of slum and blight, economic development to provide more opportunities, and provide decent affordable housing for its residents.

Lead-based Paint

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards.

Program Year 5 CAPER Lead-based Paint response:

The City does not directly provide program funding for the reduction of lead based paint hazards in older homes. Riverside County offers the following programs to reduce lead based paint hazards:

Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Program- Riverside County Office of Industrial Hygiene administers this program. The program is intended to evaluate and control lead hazards in low income housing units through inspection and testing samples. This office also provides treatment for those affected by lead based paint in the home. These activities are primarily for homes that were constructed prior to 1979 and will assist families with temporary relocation of families living in homes with lead based paint. OIH provides community outreach programs to educate County residents on the risks of lead poisoning to create awareness about the harmful effects and health risk regarding lead based paint hazards.

Lead Hazard Inspections for County Programs- Use of lead based paint was common and available until the 1970's. Lead based paint was banned in 1978 and has been a goal of Riverside County to eliminate all hazards since the ban of the paint took place. A majority of these programs to assist families with the actual abatement of lead based paint has disappeared do to the economic downturn. Home owners are responsible for the abatement of lead hazards but the County continues to provide educational assistance and medical care. The HOME Investment Partnership Program assists First Time Homebuyers with the cost of lead based paint removal if the home does have lead paint.

Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program- the Office of Industrial Hygiene also administers the CLPPP to test and identify children who are at risk of lead poisoning based on the age of the housing stock in the area and other potential factors.

Lead Hazard Control Program- California State Law states that through Senate Bill 460, grants authority to local health departments to require the enforcement and prosecution of persons who refuse to abate lead hazards in housing occupied by low income families with children. This program is funded under the

Senate Bill which further allowed changes to State health and housing laws making the creation of lead hazards a crime.

Fair Housing Council Lead-based Awareness Hazard Program- the Fair Housing Council of Riverside County administers a lead-based paint prevention program throughout the County. Their services include education, outreach, information, training and referrals.

Lead Hazard Control Outreach- OIH has a Memorandum of Understanding with the following agencies: Riverside County Economic Development Agency, Housing Authority of Riverside County, Desert Alliance for Community Empowerment; Cities of Riverside, Banning and Hemet, and the Community Action Partnership of Riverside County. The OIH sub-grants outreach services to the Center for Community Action and Environmental Justice and Fair Housing Council of Riverside County. These partners assist in the dissemination of information and promote lead based hazard programs to their clients.

HOUSING

Housing Needs

*Please also refer to the Housing Needs Table in the Needs.xls workbook.

1. Describe Actions taken during the last year to foster and maintain affordable housing.

Program Year 5 CAPER Housing Needs response:

The City's Housing Element addresses the housing characteristics and needs of the City, including a description of existing housing types, the condition of existing units, overcrowding, overpayment, homelessness, and the demand for affordable housing in Cathedral City. Because this Element is part of the City's General Plan, the Planning Department ensures that any development or land use modifications adhere to this Element.

The newly approved Assessment of Fair Housing (AFH) provided the City with an effective planning approach to aid them in taking meaningful actions to overcome "fair housing issues" such as historic patterns of segregation, promote fair housing choice, and foster inclusive communities that are free from discrimination. A "fair housing issue" is defined as "a condition that restricts choice or access to opportunity," including:

- Ongoing local or regional segregation, or lack of integration.
- Racial or ethnic concentrations of poverty.
- Significant disparities in access to opportunity.
- Disproportionate housing needs based on the "protected classes" of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, or disability.
- Evidence of illegal discrimination or violations of civil rights laws, regulations, or guidance.

The findings addressed in the Assessment of Fair Housing will be accomplished as goals in the upcoming Annual Action Plans. The City will work diligently to correct these findings to make fair housing equal opportunity a priority for Cathedral City residents.

Staff researched funding options to provide first-time homebuyer assistance and home rehabilitation programs for multi-unit affordable housing. HCD is a valuable resource that can benefit the City's mission to provide assistance to potential homeowners and low income residents. The City will continue researching funding opportunities.

Specific Housing Objectives

- 1. Evaluate progress in meeting specific objective of providing affordable housing, including the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income renter and owner households comparing actual accomplishments with proposed goals during the reporting period.
- 2. Evaluate progress in providing affordable housing that meets the Section 215 definition of affordable housing for rental and owner households comparing actual accomplishments with proposed goals during the reporting period.
- 3. Describe efforts to address "worst-case" housing needs and housing needs of persons with disabilities.

Program Year 5 CAPER Specific Housing Objectives response:

Cathedral City's housing objectives are to:

- 1. Maintain the affordability of decent housing
- 2. Maintain the availability and accessibility to decent housing
- 3. Sustainability of decent housing
- 4. Accessibility to suitable living environments
- 5. Sustainability of suitable living environments
- 6. Availability and accessibility to economic opportunity

Prior to the becoming an entitlement community the County of Riverside administered the HOME program on behalf of the City. This program assisted first-time homebuyers with down payment assistance and home rehabilitation. The County discontinued this program for Cathedral City residents after June 30, 2013.

Mortgage Credit Certificate Program (MCC)

MCC is administered through the County of Riverside and allows qualified home buyers to reduce the amount of their federal income tax liability by an equal amount to a portion of the interest paid during the year on a home mortgage. This tax credit allows the buyers to qualify for a loan by increasing the income of the buyer. Riverside County's MCC Program provides a 20% rate which can be applied to the interest paid on mortgage loans. The borrower can claim a tax credit equal to 20% of the interest paid during the year. The borrower's taxes are being reduced by the amount of the credit which increases the take home pay by the amount of the credit. The buyer takes the remaining 80% interest as a deduction. When underwriting this kind of loan, a lender takes these factors in to consideration which allows the borrower to qualify for a larger loan. City staff will work with the County to promote this program more effectively in Cathedral City.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP)

Under Title III of Division B of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, HUD created this policy to assist communities with redevelopment of abandoned and foreclosed homes under the Emergency Assistance for Redevelopment of Abandoned and Foreclosed Homes, known as the Neighborhood Stabilization Program. NSP is a section of the CDBG program which provides regulatory statutes for NSP and HOME provides a structure of affordability for NSP requirements. The County of Riverside administered the NSP program on behalf of the City.

Expand affordable rental housing through rehabilitation, preservation, acquisition and/or construction

The City set goals to improve residential energy efficiency in homes. Cathedral City has an Environmental Conservation Manager that is responsible for the water conservation program in which residents who remove grass may apply for a City rebate based on the amount of grass removed and landscaped using desert or xeriscape. Local water agencies such as *Desert Water Agency (DWA)* and *Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD)* also provide residents with an incentive to remove turf and landscape with desert or xeriscape. *Southern California Edison (SCE)* provides rebates for residents who purchase Energy Star products, summer discount program, and a multi-family energy efficiency rebate program. *Southern California Gas Company* also assists with Energy Star Appliance rebates and programs that assist with an analysis of savings incentives for potential builders. The City is researching funding opportunities to assist homeowners retrofit their existing appliances, bulbs, windows, and assist with home improvements that will be more energy efficient.

The City's Code Compliance Division ensures that the residents maintain their properties to modern standards and that the residences do not pose potential health and safety issues to the neighbors. Homes and properties that are in violation of the City's ordinance or Municipal Code are cited and required to correct the citation. Cathedral City's Police Department also has a Citizens on Patrol (COP) program to assist Code Compliance and the department with ensuring public safety. Code Compliance is funded through the City's General Fund which removes the CDBG limitations from the department to only provide services in Target Areas as designated in the Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plans.

A recent review to the City's Housing Element indicated that if the Mountain View apartment complex repays the loan before 2014 they may be able to release the 280 restricted rentals. The loss of the affordability covenant poses potential risks to affordable housing stock throughout the City because the median household income in Cathedral City is approximately \$39,872 (Source: 2016 American Community Survey Estimate). The average price of homeownership in Cathedral City is \$186,100. Households are unable to purchase homes without down payment assistance and struggle to pay the necessary bills.

Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

The Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board (IFHMB) is non-profit corporation that serves the San Bernardino County and parts of Riverside and Imperial Counties. IFHMB is contracted with the City of Cathedral City as a sub-recipient to resolve issues related to housing discrimination, homeownership sustainability, rental complaints, and court disputes through provisions of resource recommendation, education and mediation. The City allocates a portion of their administration and planning entitlement to pay for these services to affirmatively resolve fair housing issues. The funds for this program have

been expended. A contract renewal is expected to occur upon confirmation of our approved FY 2017 - 2021 Consolidated Plan and FY 2017 Annual Action Plan.

Complaints placed by tenants are investigated and upon findings the Mediation Board enforces Federal and State rights to free housing from discriminatory practices. The IFHMB will work with social and community agencies to ensure that residents regardless of race, sex, marital status, ancestry, origin, familial status, religion, disability, sexual orientation, age or source of income also receive equal and fair housing choice. Pamphlets, brochures, posters, and newsletters are distributed throughout the City. Fair Housing also describes the rights and responsibilities of the landlord and tenant under the California Civil Code. IFHMB assists thousands of individuals each year with their many programs at no cost to the consumer.

Public Housing Strategy

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to improve public housing and resident initiatives.

Program Year 5 CAPER Public Housing Strategy response:

Public housing is administered by the Riverside County Housing Authority. This organization manages the Section 8 voucher program on behalf of the cities and unincorporated areas of Riverside County. Residents are able to reside in units (apartments or homes) that are program eligible and live within the county where they wish. The selected unit must meet living standards, appropriate number of bedrooms for the household, and have reasonable rents limits. The Housing Authority suspended the ability for new participants with the exception of elderly persons 75 years and older, families of military personnel, and those with situations that are in immediate need of assistance.

The Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program assists Section 8 residents move toward economic independence from all sources of government assistance. The Homeownership Program assists eligible Section 8 participants that are also part of the FSS. The County continues outreach efforts to extend the program to residents. The goal of this program is to integrate and facilitate the transition of residents from public housing to self-sufficiency. Community service and self-sufficiency requirements are intended to assist public housing participants with improving their socio-economic situation towards upward mobility.

Project-Based Assistance

The Housing Authority of the Riverside County owns and manages 469 rental units within the County. These units are occupied by families participating in the Affordable Public Housing Program. Families participating in this program pay rent according to their incomes. Approximately 30% of their adjusted gross income is applied toward rents and utilities. This program allows families to select from only the limited available units. The low rents charged by the Housing Authority are subsidized by HUD. Once a family moves from the location they can no longer receive assistance.

The Section 8 rental voucher program, known as the Housing Choice Voucher Program, provides rental assistance to help very low income families afford decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing. These programs are administered by local public housing agencies (PHAs) authorized under State law to operate housing programs within an area or jurisdiction. The PHA accepts the application for rental assistance, selects the applicant for admission, and issues the selected family a rental voucher

confirming the family's eligibility for assistance. The family must then find and lease a dwelling unit suitable to the family's needs and desires in the private rental market. The PHA pays the owner a portion of the rent (a housing assistance payment (HAP)) on behalf of the family.

Barriers to Affordable Housing

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to eliminate barriers to affordable housing.

Program Year 5 CAPER Barriers to Affordable Housing response:

Cathedral City does not have a formal Housing Department following the dissolution of the City's RDA. There is one housing staff that receives rent payments on five units still occupied by residents that participated in the program under RDA. Staff is diligently seeking financial resources that will aid in the residents with affordable housing. The City's Housing Element is being reviewed and will look at impediments to ordinances, planning and zoning issues, and maintaining neighborhoods. Limited staff and financial resources place impediments on the City to provide housing and support related services for those transitioning out of homeless but City staff actively participates with the implementation of the Ten-Year Plan to end homelessness.

HOME/ American Dream Down Payment Initiative (ADDI)

- 1. Assessment of Relationship of HOME Funds to Goals and Objectives
 - Evaluate progress made toward meeting goals for providing affordable housing using HOME funds, including the number and types of households served.
- 2. HOME Match Report
 - a. Use HOME Match Report HUD-40107-A to report on match contributions for the period covered by the Consolidated Plan program year.
- 3. HOME MBE and WBE Report
 - a. Use Part III of HUD Form 40107 to report contracts and subcontracts with Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs) and Women's Business Enterprises (WBEs).
- 4. Assessments
 - a. Detail results of on-site inspections of rental housing.
 - b. Describe the HOME jurisdiction's affirmative marketing actions.
 - c. Describe outreach to minority and women owned businesses.

Program Year 5 CAPER HOME/ADDI response:

The City of Cathedral City is not a direct recipient of HOME or ADDI. The City previously applied for HOME funding through the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). The application submitted was denied.

HOMELESS

Homeless Needs

*Please also refer to the Homeless Needs Table in the Needs.xls workbook.

- 1. Identify actions taken to address needs of homeless persons.
- 2. Identify actions to help homeless persons make the transition to permanent housing and independent living.
- 3. Identify new Federal resources obtained from Homeless SuperNOFA.

Program Year 5 CAPER Homeless Needs response:

Cathedral City staff worked closely with Riverside County Continuum of Care (CoC) and the Coachella Valley Association of Government (CVAG) to implement the Ten-Year Plan to end homelessness. As noted in the City's Five-Year Consolidated Plan and Annual Action the City's plans are: 1) continue to support efforts of the CoC with services ranging from emergency shelters, housing for chronically homeless, and 2) support agencies that provide supportive services for low to moderate income persons and those with special needs, including homeless and persons living with HIV.

Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) provides funding to the County of Riverside and CalWorks. ESG funding provides additional financial assistance for emergency shelter needs throughout the County. Riverside County CoC will continue working and collaborating with non-profit organizations, social service providers and local agencies to meet priority needs for homeless programs. Cathedral City was recently nominated to serve on the CoC Board of Governance. This will allow the City to become more engaged and contribute to its efforts to end homelessness. Cathedral City will work cohesively with the CoC and the organizations directly involved with providing direct services to ensure that the goal of ending homelessness as stated in the Ten-Year Plan to end homelessness is being met.

Cathedral City has set forth goals to assist with ending homelessness. The first goal is to *support non-profit agencies that provide assisted housing and support services to emergency shelters that assist homeless persons and/or families or those at risk of becoming homeless.* For FY 2016, the City continued to allocate **\$51,500** to Roy's Desert Resource Center to help attain these goals.

This emergency homeless shelter is managed by Jewish Family Services of San Diego (JFSSD) located in the neighboring city of North Palm Springs. The goal at Roy's Desert Resource Center is to provide case management, meals, client pick up and drop off locations in the morning and evening, education, job enhancement skills, counseling, referrals, and emergency shelter services to homeless persons and families. Clients at the shelter were placed on a program plan to assist them in becoming self-sufficient to break their cycle of homelessness.

The CDBG funding provided by Cathedral City to Roy's was used on case management services for the clients going through the process at the Center. Services provided assisted 722 clients of extremely low, very low, and low income. Roy's is a closed campus and placed a curfew on the clients staying at the shelter. There are meeting rooms available for various organizations to provide services not offered at

the shelter to enhance the self-sufficiency skills of the clients. Roy's campus is a safe, drug, alcohol, and violence free zone.

The Calvary Christian Center located in Cathedral City is another location where homeless persons and families may go to for assistance. This Center is also a pick-up and drop-off location for Roy's Desert Resource Center. Although they do not receive funding from the City, the center is a valuable resource for homeless persons and families throughout the City. The Center also provides shelter, food, and clothing to persons in need.

In addition to programs geared toward ending homelessness, the City of Cathedral City has been proactive in combatting this ongoing epidemic. The City has an appointed police officer to the position of Homeless Liaison Officer. The Homeless Liaison Officer continues to create cases for each homeless individual in Cathedral City. The Liaison Officer is in constant communication with the homeless and has compiled information regarding their situation, addictions, encampments, and mental state. Since this Officer has been assigned to homeless, the City has seen positive results and a decrease in the number of homeless individuals. Additional staff may be assigned to this unit in the near future.

Another goal of Cathedral City is to *support the CoC to AID Homeless Persons/ Families to Transitional and Permanent Housing*. Cathedral City is committed to assisting homeless persons and collaborates with various agencies to provide emergency and transitional shelter for its homeless. State and County programs will be assisted along with the other service providers that can aid in the plan to end homelessness. Riverside County Department of Public and Social Services (DPSS) set forth goals that chronically homeless are the top priority throughout the County. Riverside County's 10 Year Plan to End Homelessness includes the addition of 500 units of permanent supportive housing that are specifically dedicated to chronically homeless. To enable this goal, the CoC must apply funding towards permanent supportive housing.

DPSS will improve discharge planning with institutions to reduce the number of chronically homeless persons who are discharged and return to homelessness. DPSS will increase the number of homeless street outreach teams and advocate for chronically homeless persons in supportive services. Rental certificates will be made available through the Shelter Plus Care Program which provides housing and supportive services to chronically homeless persons in neighborhoods of their choosing. The Riverside County Department of Economic Assistance, ESG, and CDBG recipients will continue collaboration with organizations to develop and implement a comprehensive, County-wide Uniform Discharge Coordination Policy and Practices (DCPP). This has been created to assist with connecting homeless and persons facing homelessness with supportive housing choice and community based resources. The overall objective of this policy is to reduce the number of persons being released and discharged in to homeless shelters, unsuitable living environments or return to homelessness.

Specific Homeless Prevention Elements

1. Identify actions taken to prevent homelessness.

Program Year 5 CAPER Specific Housing Prevention Elements response:

Cathedral City supports the County of Riverside's plan to end chronic homelessness. The CoC continues to focus their efforts on expanding the number of beds, units, and services available within the homeless system of care. During the course of the last Five-Year Consolidated Plan by the County of

Riverside, DPSS coordinated a planning initiative that included local government, public agencies, private agencies, homeless advocates, formerly homeless persons, and the business community to develop a ten-year plan to end homelessness. Collaborative efforts to eliminate homelessness from the agencies resulted in the Riverside County 10 Year Strategy to End Homelessness which serves as the plan for all homeless activities in Riverside County.

The following objectives coincide with the County's Five-year plan to serve unmet needs:

Prevention of New Homeless

- Implement a county-wide strategy geared towards ending homelessness which includes utility assistance, housing deposit assistance, landlord/tenant mediation, and short term rental subsidies designed to prevent at least half of the 7,000 homeless that become homeless annually from becoming homeless during the five-year strategy.
- Establish county-wide procedures to prevent homeless being discharged from public and private institutions back to their homeless embankments.

Ending Chronic Homelessness

- Expand programs to reach homeless through street teams. This method will allow social services
 to be provided directly to homeless in their locations. This goal is believed to reduce the number
 homeless by at least 10% and assist additional persons who have been homeless for more than
 a year.
- Create at least 150 shelter beds throughout the County for unsheltered homeless and encourage the participation in case management programs to reduce the length of time spent in emergency shelters.
- Create at least 500 units of permanent supportive housing for chronically homeless persons.

Address Needs of Homeless Families

- Create at least 75 additional transitional housing units with 225 beds to serve families living on the street and encourage these families to participate in case management programs to end their homelessness.
- Develop 1,500 units of permanent affordable housing units throughout the County for extremely low and low income residents who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.

Improve the Capacity of the Continuum of Care

- Engage in participation with homeless prevention programs, emergency shelters, transitional housing, permanent supportive housing, and related supportive service programs County-wide.
- Create a Housing Trust Fund that receives funding that applies towards ongoing sources specifically for the support of production and preservation of affordable housing; further fund homeless activities, and provide funding for additional support services.

Discharge Planning Policies

 Develop a "safe haven" program for chronically homeless adults that are mentally ill and have substance abuse issues.

Housing costs makes the number of persons at-risk of becoming homeless a concern with implementing goals. Affordable housing stock is in high demand, but with high rents and high home prices the challenges of providing affordable housing is perplexing.

The County of Riverside administers these valuable programs to Cathedral City residents.

- Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing (HPRP) is administered through the County of Riverside's Housing Authority. HPRP offers short term assistance (3 months) and medium term assistance (12 months) financial assistance to those that have the potential of becoming homeless due to sudden economic impacts. Assistance can also include security deposits, utility deposits, utility payments, moving cost assistance, and hotel vouchers. The program also assists to persons in the rapid re-housing programs that are homeless and are likely to remain housed through subsidies or no subsidies.
- Riverside County Emergency Food and Shelter Program (EFSP) provide rental assistance and nutrition assistance to residents that are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. Funding is also available through EFSP to provide the first months' rent for households that have been evicted.

Emergency Shelter Grants (ESG)

- 1. Identify actions to address emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless individuals and families (including significant subpopulations such as those living on the streets).
- 2. Assessment of Relationship of ESG Funds to Goals and Objectives
 - a. Evaluate progress made in using ESG funds to address homeless and homeless prevention needs, goals, and specific objectives established in the Consolidated Plan.
 - b. Detail how ESG projects are related to implementation of comprehensive homeless planning strategy, including the number and types of individuals and persons in households served with ESG funds.

3. Matching Resources

- a. Provide specific sources and amounts of new funding used to meet match as required by 42 USC 11375(a)(1), including cash resources, grants, and staff salaries, as well as in-kind contributions such as the value of a building or lease, donated materials, or volunteer time.
- 4. State Method of Distribution
 - a. States must describe their method of distribution and how it rated and selected its local government agencies and private nonprofit organizations acting as subrecipients.
- 5. Activity and Beneficiary Data

- a. Completion of attached Emergency Shelter Grant Program Performance Chart or other reports showing ESGP expenditures by type of activity. Also describe any problems in collecting, reporting, and evaluating the reliability of this information.
- b. Homeless Discharge Coordination
 - i. As part of the government developing and implementing a homeless discharge coordination policy, ESG homeless prevention funds may be used to assist very-low income individuals and families at risk of becoming homeless after being released from publicly funded institutions such as health care facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or corrections institutions or programs.
- c. Explain how your government is instituting a homeless discharge coordination policy, and how ESG homeless prevention funds are being used in this effort.

Program Year 5 CAPER ESG response:

Cathedral City does not receive ESG funding.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Community Development

*Please also refer to the Community Development Table in the Needs.xls workbook.

- 1. Assessment of Relationship of CDBG Funds to Goals and Objectives
 - a. Assess use of CDBG funds in relation to the priorities, needs, goals, and specific objectives in the Consolidated Plan, particularly the highest priority activities.
 - b. Evaluate progress made toward meeting goals for providing affordable housing using CDBG funds, including the number and types of households served.
 - c. Indicate the extent to which CDBG funds were used for activities that benefited extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons.
- 2. Changes in Program Objectives
 - a. Identify the nature of and the reasons for any changes in program objectives and how the jurisdiction would change its program as a result of its experiences.
- 3. Assessment of Efforts in Carrying Out Planned Actions
 - a. Indicate how grantee pursued all resources indicated in the Consolidated Plan.
 - b. Indicate how grantee provided certifications of consistency in a fair and impartial manner.
 - c. Indicate how grantee did not hinder Consolidated Plan implementation by action or willful inaction.
- 4. For Funds Not Used for National Objectives
 - a. Indicate how use of CDBG funds did not meet national objectives.
 - b. Indicate how did not comply with overall benefit certification.
- 5. Anti-displacement and Relocation for activities that involve acquisition, rehabilitation or demolition of occupied real property

- a. Describe steps actually taken to minimize the amount of displacement resulting from the CDBG-assisted activities.
- b. Describe steps taken to identify households, businesses, farms or nonprofit organizations who occupied properties subject to the Uniform Relocation Act or Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and whether or not they were displaced, and the nature of their needs and preferences.
- c. Describe steps taken to ensure the timely issuance of information notices to displaced households, businesses, farms, or nonprofit organizations.
- 6. Low/Mod Job Activities for economic development activities undertaken where jobs were made available but not taken by low- or moderate-income persons
 - a. Describe actions taken by grantee and businesses to ensure first consideration was or will be given to low/mod persons.
 - b. List by job title of all the permanent jobs created/retained and those that were made available to low/mod persons.
 - c. If any of jobs claimed as being available to low/mod persons require special skill, work experience, or education, provide a description of steps being taken or that will be taken to provide such skills, experience, or education.
- 7. Low/Mod Limited Clientele Activities for activities not falling within one of the categories of presumed limited clientele low and moderate income benefit
 - a. Describe how the nature, location, or other information demonstrates the activities benefit a limited clientele at least 51% of whom are low- and moderate-income.

8. Program income received

- a. Detail the amount of program income reported that was returned to each individual revolving fund, e.g., housing rehabilitation, economic development, or other type of revolving fund.
- b. Detail the amount repaid on each float-funded activity.
- c. Detail all other loan repayments broken down by the categories of housing rehabilitation, economic development, or other.
- d. Detail the amount of income received from the sale of property by parcel.
- 9. Prior period adjustments where reimbursement was made this reporting period for expenditures (made in previous reporting periods) that have been disallowed, provide the following information:
 - a. The activity name and number as shown in IDIS;
 - b. The program year(s) in which the expenditure(s) for the disallowed activity(ies) was reported;
 - c. The amount returned to line-of-credit or program account; and
 - d. Total amount to be reimbursed and the time period over which the reimbursement is to be made, if the reimbursement is made with multi-year payments.

10. Loans and other receivables

- a. List the principal balance for each float-funded activity outstanding as of the end of the reporting period and the date(s) by which the funds are expected to be received.
- b. List the total number of other loans outstanding and the principal balance owed as of the end of the reporting period.
- c. List separately the total number of outstanding loans that are deferred or forgivable, the principal balance owed as of the end of the reporting period, and the terms of the deferral or forgiveness.

- d. Detail the total number and amount of loans made with CDBG funds that have gone into default and for which the balance was forgiven or written off during the reporting period.
- e. Provide a List of the parcels of property owned by the grantee or its subrecipients that have been acquired or improved using CDBG funds and that are available for sale as of the end of the reporting period.

11. Lump sum agreements

- a. Provide the name of the financial institution.
- b. Provide the date the funds were deposited.
- c. Provide the date the use of funds commenced.
- d. Provide the percentage of funds disbursed within 180 days of deposit in the institution.
- 12. Housing Rehabilitation for each type of rehabilitation program for which projects/units were reported as completed during the program year
 - a. Identify the type of program and number of projects/units completed for each program.
 - b. Provide the total CDBG funds involved in the program.
 - c. Detail other public and private funds involved in the project.
- 13. Neighborhood Revitalization Strategies for grantees that have HUD-approved neighborhood revitalization strategies
 - a. Describe progress against benchmarks for the program year. For grantees with Federally-designated EZs or ECs that received HUD approval for a neighborhood revitalization strategy, reports that are required as part of the EZ/EC process shall suffice for purposes of reporting progress.

Program Year 5 CAPER Community Development response:

Cathedral City's objective with the CDBG Program is to meet National Objective by providing accessibility and suitable living environments for its community through the improvement of facilities, infrastructure, economic development and public services. For this program year, the City utilized CDBG funding towards the construction of sidewalk, curb and gutter, and asphalt and ADA improvements located in a very low income areas throughout the City. The City established the following goals to meet the high need for public facilities, infrastructure improvements, and economic development. The improvement of such facilities does create economic development opportunities for the City. For instance, a home buyer will be more motivated to purchase a home in an area where the streets are well maintained.

Avenida La Paz & Avenida La Vista Street Improvements - \$350,000, expended \$348,422.14

CDBG funding was allocated for the rehabilitation of Avenida La Paz and Avenida La Vista located in Census Tract 449.23 and 449.24. These streets are situated in the northern part of the City in the Panorama Neighborhood. These public improvements were selected to receive funding because of the high priority need to revitalize these residential streets and expand economic opportunities for these residents in the adjoining living areas within the City. CDBG funding in the amount of \$350,000 was used in combination with Assessment District 88-3 funding (\$350,000) to revitalize and reconstruct this street. This project was completed in March 2017.

Whitewater Neighborhood Street Improvements - \$305,989, expended \$298,122.19

The City utilized the unspent and unallocated funds to public street improvements located within an income eligible area of the City. The Whitewater Neighborhood Project consisted of residential streets generally located in the low and moderate income area of Census Tract 449.15 (Block Group 1) south of Ramon Road, north of Corral Road, between Date Palm Drive and Cathedral Canyon Drive. The City made such improvements with the use of CDBG funds and a combined of Assessment District funds. Funds collected from revolving sewer loans were also used to fund this project. These improvements included the reconstruction of Canyon Vista Road, Monte Vista Road, Aurora Vista Road, Desert Vista Road, Cielo Vista Road and Rancho Vista Road.

Angel View ADA Improvements - \$5,900, expended \$5,900

Under the CDBG Program, ADA improvements meet the National Objective criteria and are classified as an "urgent need" for people with disabilities. For this program year, the City decided to award Angel View with an amount of \$15,000 for provide their services to the 65 eligible residents of Cathedral City. The City allocated \$9,100 to their Outreach Program that provides case management and services to each client in the City. The City also awarded Angel View \$5,900 to make the necessary repairs to their facility to make it easier for their client to obtain these services.

At the beginning of the program year, Angel View relocated their organization to a larger facility in Cathedral City. The CDBG award to Angel View helped make the building more accessible and easier to navigable for their clients.

Changes in Program Objectives

In order to be in good standing with HUD, the City prepared a Substantial Amendment to combine all unspent leftover program funds from previous years to create a CDBG activity to exhaust these funds before beginning its second Consolidated Plan cycle. The City decided to make public improvements to the Whitewater Neighborhood by reconstructing six sections of road located in low and moderate income area of the City. The details of this project were mentioned above.

Low/Mod Job Activities

The City will consider investing CDBG funds into microenterprises to retain and expand economic opportunities through job creation and retention. These activities would benefit very low, low, and moderate income persons by making economic opportunities available through job creation and retention. In consideration of Cathedral City unemployment rate, the creation of local jobs will allow residents to work in Cathedral City; expanding on economic externalities.

Senior Residents, Children, and At-Risk Youth

Cathedral City has an abundant senior citizen population with limited incomes. These residents face many financial burdens varying from basic living expenses, mobility, and access to local amenities. The Cathedral (Senior) Center is a valuable resource for elderly persons to receive services and assistance that they are not able to receive from the County or City. The City has identified this sub-population of having the greatest challenges and receives high priority.

Cathedral City has also set goals to assist at-risk youth and children in the City. Currently, the City has a local soccer park to promote healthy living and a resource for children and families with local recreation. The City has numerous local parks, a Boys and Girls Club, Boxing Club, and resources for at-risk youth and children to turn to for assistance. Funding through CDBG has not been allocated to these organizations but the City does donate funding to these organizations through other funding sources.

Program Income

Cathedral City's CDBG program generates minimal program income from Revolving Sewer Loans created in 2012 and 2013. In order to get assist from a Revolving Sewer Loan, low-mod homeowners were required to submit proof of income, tax return statements, and other documents to substantiate their need of assistance. The program places a lien on the property until the loan is repaid to the City. Upon completion of the loan the lien will be removed. A total of \$11,033.71 has been collected through monthly payments from program participants during this Con Plan cycle. This program income was used to help fund the Whitewater Neighborhood Street Improvement project.

Prior Period Adjustments

There are no prior adjustments made this reporting period.

Loans and Other Receivables

Cathedral City did not receive nor provide any loans during this reporting period.

Lump Sum Agreements

Cathedral City did not have any contractual obligations with financial institution during this reporting period.

Housing Rehabilitation

Cathedral City did not allocate funding for housing rehabilitation during this reporting period.

Neighborhood Revitalization Strategies

Cathedral City does not participate in HUD-approved neighborhood revitalization strategies.

Antipoverty Strategy

1. Describe actions taken during the last year to reduce the number of persons living below the poverty level.

Program Year 5 CAPER Antipoverty Strategy response:

Through the Consolidated Plan, Cathedral City placed priority need on activities that assist individuals from living in poverty. Cathedral City supports activities that work to transition a homeless person with temporary shelter to permanent supportive housing. Cathedral City supports organizations that aid with permanent supportive housing and goals that identify with the HUD guidelines to end homelessness.

Cathedral City utilized CDBG funding to support an emergency homeless shelter, Roy's Desert Resource Center, to assist with homeless needs and case management. Calvary Christian Center is another faith based organization that also assists with homeless and substance abuse needs; however, this organization does not receive funding from Cathedral City. Roy's Desert Resource Center provided services to residents to assist with decreasing the poverty level. Programs at the Center include job enhancement skills, case management to break the cycle of homelessness, shelter services for families, and education. The Cathedral Center partnered with FIND Food Bank to assists residents with food programs to alleviate the impact of grocery expenses to low income families. Shelter from the Storm, a domestic violence shelter, provides emergency services to women and children seeking shelter upon leaving an abusive housing situation. Cathedral City typically provides funding to this organization through the City's General Fund.

Through the Continuum of Care, Board of Governance committee, City staff works with the Housing Authority to maximize the programs offered by the Housing Authority to assist those living in poverty. The City does not have the staff resources or financial capability to administer many of these programs. Utilizing the County's resources will assist residents more efficiently due to the economies of scale. This strategy will significantly improve the lives of low-income families, elderly persons with fixed incomes, victims of domestic violence, single parent homes transitioning off public assistance and others that may not have been mentioned residing in Cathedral City.

Projects that indirectly affect the poverty level in the City include those that enhance the City's aesthetics, provide affordable housing, and housing sustainability. CDBG, HOME, and ESG funds are often times used as matching funds for other grants that reduce the number of households living in poverty. Other anti-poverty strategy programs include housing rehabilitation, affordable housing for renters, seniors, and persons with disabilities, emergency/ transitional/ permanent supportive housing, homeless and non-homeless support services, anti-crime, Section 8 Rental assistance, and job creation/ retention programs.

NON-HOMELESS SPECIAL NEEDS

Non-homeless Special Needs

*Please also refer to the Non-Homeless Special Needs Table in the Needs.xls workbook.

1. Identify actions taken to address special needs of persons that are not homeless but require supportive housing, (including persons with HIV/AIDS and their families).

Program Year 5 CAPER Non-Homeless Special Needs response:

Cathedral City supports organizations that assist residents with special needs such as supportive services for homeless, non-homeless, elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities including mental, physical, developmental, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, persons with alcohol or other drug related addictions.

Cathedral City supports programs that assist persons that are not homeless but require supportive housing and special programs. This sub-population includes those leaving mental health institutions or physical health institutions. The focus is to have a healthy supply of affordable supportive housing so

those in need are not released in to homelessness. A few programs that can assist with this are: Senior Home Repair, handicap ramps, Habitat for Humanity, First-Time Homebuyer Down Payment assistance, code enforcement, neighborhood watch, neighborhood stabilization program, Inland Fair Housing, Section 8 Housing Voucher, and affordable public housing.

Specific HOPWA Objectives

*Please also refer to the HOPWA Table in the Needs.xls workbook.

- 1. Overall Assessment of Relationship of HOPWA Funds to Goals and Objectives Grantees should demonstrate through the CAPER and related IDIS reports the progress they are making at accomplishing identified goals and objectives with HOPWA funding. Grantees should demonstrate:
 - a. That progress is being made toward meeting the HOPWA goal for providing affordable housing using HOPWA funds and other resources for persons with HIV/AIDS and their families through a comprehensive community plan;
 - That community-wide HIV/AIDS housing strategies are meeting HUD's national goal of increasing the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing for low-income persons living with HIV/AIDS;
 - c. That community partnerships between State and local governments and community-based nonprofits are creating models and innovative strategies to serve the housing and related supportive service needs of persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families;
 - d. That through community-wide strategies Federal, State, local, and other resources are matched with HOPWA funding to create comprehensive housing strategies;
 - e. That community strategies produce and support actual units of housing for persons living with HIV/AIDS; and, finally,
 - f. that community strategies identify and supply related supportive services in conjunction with housing to ensure the needs of persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families are met.
- 2. This should be accomplished by providing an executive summary (1-5 pages) that includes:
 - a. Grantee Narrative
 - i. Grantee and Community Overview
 - (1) A brief description of your organization, the area of service, the name of each project sponsor and a broad overview of the range/type of housing activities and related services
 - (2) How grant management oversight of project sponsor activities is conducted and how project sponsors are selected
 - (3) A description of the local jurisdiction, its need, and the estimated number of persons living with HIV/AIDS
 - (4) A brief description of the planning and public consultations involved in the use of HOPWA funds including reference to any appropriate planning document or advisory body
 - (5) What other resources were used in conjunction with HOPWA funded activities, including cash resources and in-kind contributions, such as the value of services or materials provided by volunteers or by other individuals or organizations
 - (6) Collaborative efforts with related programs including coordination and planning with clients, advocates, Ryan White CARE Act planning bodies, AIDS Drug Assistance Programs, homeless assistance programs, or other efforts that assist persons living with

HIV/AIDS and their families.

ii. Project Accomplishment Overview

- (1) A brief summary of all housing activities broken down by three types: emergency or short-term rent, mortgage or utility payments to prevent homelessness; rental assistance; facility based housing, including development cost, operating cost for those facilities and community residences
- (2) The number of units of housing which have been created through acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction since 1993 with any HOPWA funds
- (3) A brief description of any unique supportive service or other service delivery models or efforts
- (4) Any other accomplishments recognized in your community due to the use of HOPWA funds, including any projects in developmental stages that are not operational.

iii. Barriers or Trends Overview

- (1) Describe any barriers encountered, actions in response to barriers, and recommendations for program improvement
- (2) Trends you expect your community to face in meeting the needs of persons with HIV/AIDS, and
- (3) Any other information you feel may be important as you look at providing services to persons with HIV/AIDS in the next 5-10 years

b. Accomplishment Data

- i. Completion of CAPER Performance Chart 1 of Actual Performance in the provision of housing (Table II-1 to be submitted with CAPER).
- ii. Completion of CAPER Performance Chart 2 of Comparison to Planned Housing Actions (Table II-2 to be submitted with CAPER).

Program Year 5 CAPER Specific HOPWA Objectives response:

Cathedral City is not a recipient of HOPWA funds. The City will support the Housing Authority of Riverside County for supportive services to assist persons with HIV/ AIDS.

OTHER NARRATIVE

Include any CAPER information that was not covered by narratives in any other section.

Program Year 5 CAPER Other Narrative response:

Furthering Fair Housing

Cathedral City will continue to promote and maintain programs to affirmatively further fair housing and procedures to assist residents. Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity programs will be implemented through Inland Fair Housing and Mediation Board (IFHMB). Program pamphlets, posters and reports will be provided at City Hall and distributed throughout the City were residents gather and become more aware of the service this agency provides.

Residents needing assistance will be referred to IFHMB with regards to Landlord/ Tenant Mediation, discrimination, and basic tenant rights. Landlords will be required to adhere to anti-discriminatory rules

and regulations to provide fair housing to tenants. Tenants needing assistance will also be held responsible in maintaining the units and adhere to property requirements as well. City Code Compliance officers shall disseminate IFHMB pamphlets to residents that may benefit from their services.

Section 3

Section 3 of HUD regulations requires that employment and other economic opportunities that receive HUD dollars provide to the greatest extent feasible, opportunities to low and moderate income persons. Residents that receive government assistance for housing are priority need recipients of the economic opportunities. These regulations are consistent with Federal, State, and local laws/ regulations.

Federally funded projects must have the HUD construction forms included with the contracts that are as part of the bid packages. Contractors are required to adhere to federal equal opportunity employment, affirmative action, Davis-Bacon, prevailing wages, small businesses, women-owned businesses, and other Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements that coincide with equal opportunity. Payroll certifications are also required to be submitted to the City for all construction contracts.

Cathedral City will make it a priority as part of the updated Community Participation Plan to contact community organizations, churches, special interest groups, social service agencies, and any other organization when soliciting public comments for participation in community planning projects and activities. Records such as public notices, invitations, and sign-in sheets will be maintained at the City to show that the City is making a broad effort to encourage community participation.

Section 3 requires that employment and economic opportunities funded by HUD be feasible, consistent with Federal, State and local laws, assist very low and low income persons, and provide economic opportunities to very low and low income persons within the community. Every effort to achieve these results will be made and kept at the City.